

ALL SORTS.

—Wizard Oil at Geo. Thaxter's.
—It is generally believed that the new salary law will be declared unconstitutional.

—FOR SALE—The residence now occupied by Mr. Preble and family. Inquire at residence.

—Now the Reno Mugwumps say that it is the absence of their pet about the Legislative hall that makes the session so dull.

—The ladies of the Episcopal Church will hold one of their pleasant socials at the Armory Hall Feb. 8. Dancing and refreshments. Admission 10 cents.

—Ayer's Sarsaparilla wonderfully improves the complexion, and brings to old and young the bloom of health. As a purifier of the blood it has no equal.

—Let it be positively understood that Schneider & Simas, the photographers opposite the Mint, are the artists selected to make the official State group for 1887.

—Stop that cough, by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral—the best specific ever known for all diseases of the throat and lungs. It will soothe the rough feeling in your throat, give the vocal organs flexibility and vitality, and will enable you to breathe and speak clearly.

—Senator Briggs has introduced a bill to encourage the construction of a railroad in the Southern portion of the State of Nevada. This is the Nevada Southwestern Railroad Company, the road to pass from the Eastern to the Western boundaries of the State through the Southern section.

—The great invention. Look out for the great light. The new burner that can be applied to any lamp at a little expense. One burner is equal to 200 candle power. Four burners will light up a large hall and will not heat up the house in the summer season; they are perfectly safe and easily kept in order, a great saving in chimneys, and with Maish's attachment requires no trimming. E. B. Rail is agent for the above.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Indian School.

There was a meeting of the citizens committee relative to the Indian School last evening. The building site is to be located and work begun at once.

Sport at the Track.

Jack Furlong and Ed. Hamilton will have their shooting match for \$100 a side at the track today. The betting runs high. There will also be some horse racing and a wrestling match.

The Indian Claims.

In a few days Prof. C. S. Young will go to Washington with over \$300,000 of Indian war claims due the people of Nevada for depredations committed by Indians in the State years ago. Those claims are valid and there is no reason why they should not have been paid long ago.

Miss Friend's Concert.

Between now and the middle of February Miss Emma Friend will give a concert at the Carson Opera House. Miss Friend is recognized as the very best pianist in the State of Nevada, and always secures the assistance of the very best local talent to her concerts. Due notice of the affair will be given and a rich treat may be expected by music loving people.

MRS. B. MARSH

INSTRUCTRESS AND IMPORTER OF

All Kinds of Art Embroidery.

Lessons Given in Chenille, Arras and Kensington.

Stamping Done on Short Notice on Spear Street, Opposite Dunn's Wood Yard.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22, 1887.

Washington gains in popularity as a rendezvous for the representatives of National interests and industries. Last week three National conventions assembled here; the farmers, the glass manufacturers, and the brick-layers. This week six National bodies convene here: the Shipping League, the Board of Trade, the Potters' Association, the Encampment of Union Veterans, the society to prevent food adulteration, and the Order of the Mystic Shrine. Every Winter no less than fifty congresses of one sort or another come to Washington, and in a few years more there will be double that number. Next week, among the brotherhoods and sisterhoods that are coming, will be the women who want to vote. A Female Suffrage Convention at the Capitol is now an annual certainty. The prominent advocates of this cause have met here every Winter as regularly as has Congress, for the past fifteen or sixteen years.

Although legislation is now greatly behind the record of former short sessions, business is being pushed this week in both branches of Congress. Prominent among measures that have been discussed and acted upon were pension bills, especially the one for the relief of dependent parents and honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, disabled and dependent upon their own labor for support. Twelve dollars a month is the amount allowed to each, and the mover of the bill estimated that it would cost the Government six million a year. This measure was passed by the House only, and it is a little doubtful how it will fare in the Senate.

There is much reconnoitering around the Capitol on tariff and revenue questions. The Randall men, and particularly Mr. McAdoo, Mr. Randall's New Jersey protegee, are apparently hard at work evolving some scheme by which to get the better, if that is possible, of their brethren who think protection is a sin. The work, however, is not all on one side. Col. Morrison is marshalling his forces for the fray. On the floor of the House, along the corridors, and in the committee rooms, may be seen knots of members, usually Democrats, and the words "tobacco," "fruit," "brandy," "lumber," "salt," "sugar," "wool," can be heard from every side. How much will come of this, no one can predict; but it is quite evident that the Democratic protectionists contemplate an attack on the Democratic blunderers of low tariff proclivities.

When the House of Representatives passed a resolution favoring an investigation concerning the Central Pacific Railroad's debt to the Government, and it was seen that the President of the road, Senator Stanford, did not feel called upon, by this action, to explain his management of the business, he was asked about those items in the expense account of the road, which it is asserted, were disallowed by the Government. The California Senator replied that when he first entered public life, the late Secretary Seward gave him a piece of advice about charges made against him personally. Said he: "Never notice them. If you answer one, you have to answer all. If you begin the task of denying every accusation brought against you, and fail to take note of a single one, that one would be regarded as having been proved, no matter how unreasonable or foolish it might be." Mr. Stanford had tried to follow Mr. Seward's advice, and hence his silence. He mentioned, however, that he had submitted all the questioned receipts and disbursements to the stockholders of the road at their annual meeting, and that they were approved at that time by the Board of Directors.

It is probable now that the Weather Bureau will become a branch of the Civil Service. The death of Gen. Hazen, the chief officer of the Signal Service, and the consequent necessity of certain changes in the organization of the Signal Service, has revived the question of transferring the whole matter from the control of the War Department to that of the Interior. There is nothing military about the Weather Bureau, and therefore it does not belong to the army, although the argument has been advanced heretofore that military discipline is necessary to secure accu-

rate and prompt observations. Some claim that the work could be equally well, if not better done, by civilians, and that it is time to do away with an expensive Signal Corps which has nothing to do but to practice signalling. The present opportunity is probably the best for settling the subject forever, since there is no chief with personal feelings or official interests to be hurt by the change if made.

THE QUAIL QUESTION.

How People Can Starve on These Juicy Birds.

"I notice a man in the East is backed to eat thirty quail in a month on a \$1,000 wager. I could eat one hundred, and I'll bet on it," said Senator Maute.

"No you can't," said Assemblyman Egan. "When I came across the plains, twenty-six years ago, we got lost near the Platte river, and were snowed in on an island. We camped there till Spring, when the ice broke up and left us all surrounded by water. The island was full of quail, and they did not dare to fly across the river. You know quail are short flyers. Well, we killed a hundred or so a day, and thought we had a devilish good thing. We were all jolly over the good grub until about the third week, when by Jove, we felt we had enough. I quit eating for three days, and had to fall back on quail. When the quail were brought on we would turn away sick, and frequently the cook, who was Rollin Daggett, refused to cook any more; he said the fumes of the blasted birds sickened him. I tried it, and had to lean against a tree and throw up. Well, we worried along on shoe leather a while, and the men began to drop off, one by one. It was a dreadful sight to see a young mother lie down by her child and die. I never shall forget it the longest day I live. A poor woman was the first to die, and then two men starved to death, with nice fat quail steaming hot along side. Their stomachs would not take the food. In the fifth week another man died, and so they kept dropping off of starvation, and the quail running loose in the brush by the hundreds. They got so tame that they would come into the tents at night to get warm. When a man sat down by the camp fire at night he had to scrape the quail away to find a place to sit down, or else he would crush the poor, innocent birds. Talk about the Cup of Tarantulus, I believe they call it, but this was worse. I don't want to tell all of the sad scenes of human misery I saw there. Finally we all died but Daggett and myself, and then the river froze up and we got across where there were deer and buffalo, and the change of diet pulled us through.

"No man can eat thirty quail thirty consecutive days in succession, and I know what I'm talking about."

Blaine for President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Senator-elect Hiseock has been in close conference with a few prominent Republicans of the House, and has startled them with an emphatic announcement that Blaine has not only formerly announced himself to certain leaders in New York as a candidate for the Presidential nomination, but with the consent and co-operation of those gentlemen had already commenced the work of securing the New York delegation. Senator Hiseock admitted substantially that his own election is due to the friends of Blaine working upon the supporters of Morton with that gentleman's assent, and by an arrangement with them he had restored harmony in the Republican party, which would insure the carrying of the Empire State for Blaine.

Advertised List.

Letters remaining in the Carson Postoffice Jan. 29, 1887.

LADIES' LIST.

Foster Mabel 2 Kipp Lizzie M
GENTLEMEN'S LIST.
Barnett Ed Larson W T
Bellsmith H S Mackey Jno W
Corveto G Miller Harry
Dolan Ted Rulison H
Driesbach and
Kaufman Roland Jno
Getchell L W Wrinkle S J F
G. C. WHITE, P. M.

—Cap. Avery, of the Hole-in-the-Wall saloon, has received from New Orleans a concocted drink called "Silver Fizz" and it is the best and most sobering beverage ever imported.

POISON IN THE ASHES

What the Mt. Lebanon Shakers Found—Incident in the History of a Quiet Community.

The Mount Lebanon (New York) Shakers are a quiet community, secluded from the fret and worry of the outside world. They are widely known, however, for their strict honor and probity in business.

The Shakers believe that nature has a remedy for every disease. A few have been found—the rest are as yet unknown. Many were discovered by accident. Others came to light as the result of patient experiment and research.

Nervous Dyspepsia is a comparatively new disease, growing out of the conditions of modern life. It is a joint affection of the digestive organs and of the nervous system. These two were formerly treated as separate ailments, and it was left for the clear-sighted Shakers to prove that the basis of this terrible and often fatal complication lies chiefly in the disordered and depraved functions of digestion and nutrition. They reasoned thus:—"If we can induce the stomach to do its work, and stimulate the executive organs to drive out of the body the poisonous waste matters which remain after the life-giving elements of the food have been absorbed, we shall have conquered Nervous Dyspepsia and Nervous Exhaustion. And they were right. Knowing the infallible power of Shaker Extract (Seigel's Syrup) in less complicated though similar diseases, they resolved to test it fully in this. To leave no ground for doubt they prescribed the remedy in hundreds of cases which had been pronounced incurable—with perfect success in every instance where their directions as to living and diet were scrupulously followed. Nervous Dyspepsia and Exhaustion is a peculiarly American disease. To a greater or less extent half the people of this country suffer from it—both sexes and all ages. In no country in the world are there so many insane asylums filled to overflowing, all resulting from this alarming disease. Its leading symptoms are these: Frequent or continual headache; a dull pain at the base of the brain; bad breath; nauseous eructations; the rising of sour and pungent fluids to the throat; a sense of oppression and faintness at the pit of the stomach; flatulence; wakefulness and loss of sleep; disgust with food even when weak from the need of it; sticky or slimy matter on the teeth or in the mouth, especially on rising in the morning; furred and coated tongue; dull eyes; cold hands and feet; constipation; dry or rough skin; inability to fix the mind on any labor calling for continuous attention; and oppressive and sad forebodings and fears.

All this terrible group Shaker Extract (Seigel's Syrup) removes by its positive, powerful, direct yet painless and gentle action upon the functions of digestion and assimilation. Those elements of the food that build up and strengthen the system are sent upon their mission, while all waste matters (the ashes of life's fire) which unremoved, poison and kill, are expelled from the body through the bowels, kidneys and skin. The weak and prostrated nerves are quieted, toned and fed by the purified blood. As the result, health, with its enjoyments, blessings and power, returns to the sufferer who had, perhaps, abandoned all hope of ever seeing another well day.

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C NEW
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THE NUMEROUS ARTICLES THAT WE HAVE
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IS UNSURPASSED!
SILK HANDKERCHIEFS
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Suspenders of the Latest and Neatest Patterns.
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